An Introduction to Christian Apologetics

Gerard A. Figurelli

Fall 2007

WEEK 6

THE EXISTENCE OF GOD, part 1

Step One: Establishing the Foundation

- 1. Truth about reality is knowable
- 2. Opposites cannot both be true

Step Two: Establishing the Theistic Worldview

- 3. The theistic God exists You are here:
 - 4. Miracles are possible
 - Miracles confirm a messenger of God

Step Three: Establishing the Evidences for Christianity

6. The NT is reliable

5.

- 7. Jesus claimed to be God
- 8. Jesus' claim was confirmed by miracles
- 9. Therefore, Jesus was God
- 10. Whatever Jesus says is true is true
- 11. Jesus affirmed the Bible is the Word of God
- 12. Therefore, Christianity is true

III. The Theistic Worldview

>"<u>The Theistic God exists.</u>"

(all non-theistic worldviews are false)

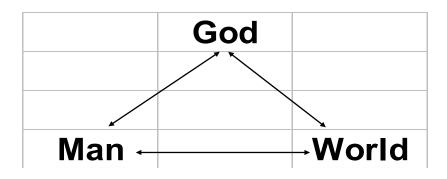
"The problem is not that there is insufficient evidence to convince rational beings of the existence of God, but that rational beings in their present fallen condition have a natural antipathy to the being of God." Sproul, Gerstner, Lindsley, 69

"Quite apart from any philosophical demonstration of the existence of God, there is such a thing as a spontaneous natural theology. A quasi-instinctive tendency, observable in most men, seems to invite them to wonder from time to time if, after all, there is not such an unseen being as the one we call God" Etienne Gilson

- 1. cosmological
- 2. moral

3

- 3. ontological
- 4. teleological



A. Seven worldviews

- Atheism (no god at all)
- Pantheism (god is all)
- Theism (God made all)
- Panentheism (the world is God's "body")
- Polytheism
- Deism
- Finite godism

	(adapted from Geisler and Bocchino, Unshakable Foundations, p.59		
	Atheism	Pantheism	Theism
God	No god at all; the universe	God is all; the universe	God is one, personal, moral,
	is all that is or ever will be	and God are one;	and infinite in all His being
		impersonal	and attributes
Universe	Eternal, or randomly came	Illusion; a manifestation	Finite, had a beginning;
	to be	of God	brought into being by God; ex
			nihilo creation
Man's origin	Evolved, no immaterial	The true self is God	Created by God, in the image
0	soul	("atman is Brahman")	of God, with immortal soul
Man's	Annihilation	Re-absorbed into God	Resurrection to eternal life or
destiny			death
Evil's origin	Real; grounded in human	Illusion	Privation of good; caused by
0	ignorance		abuse of freewill
Evil's	Can be defeated via	Re-absorbed into God	Will be ultimately defeated by
destiny	education, proper		God
5	engineering of society		
Religions	Secularism, communism,	Hinduism, Buddhism,	Judaism, Christianity, Islam
based upon	Marxism, (Buddhism?)	New Age	

• The value and limits of theistic arguments

- Evidentialism v. non-Evidentialism
 - 1. **Cosmological** Argument:

- Something exists Therefore, something has always existed (is eternal and self-existent)
- Either the Universe is eternal, or there is an eternal God.
 - Whatever has a beginning has a cause The universe had a beginning Therefore, the universe had a cause Therefore, the universe is not eternal Therefore, God exists

"Vertical Cosmological Argument"

